Name: Date: Instructor: Section:

## **Practice Set 2.2**

Use the choices below to fill in each blank

- 1. An equation that is a mathematical model of a real-life situation is called a(n)
- 2. To solve a formula for a variable, \_\_\_\_\_\_ the variable.
- 3. I = prt is the formula for finding \_\_\_\_\_\_.
- **4.**  $A = P\left(1 + \frac{r}{n}\right)^{nt}$  is the formula for finding \_\_\_\_\_\_.
- 5. In the formula  $A = P\left(1 + \frac{r}{n}\right)^{nt}$ , the *n* represents the number of times interest is compounded per \_\_\_\_\_.
- **6.** In the formula  $A = P\left(1 + \frac{r}{n}\right)^{nt}$ , the *t* represents the time measured in \_\_\_\_\_\_.
- 7. In the formula  $A = P\left(1 + \frac{r}{n}\right)^{nt}$ , the A represents the amount of money \_\_\_\_\_\_.
- **8.** In the formula i = prt, the i represents the amount of \_\_\_\_\_\_.

Evaluate the following formulas for the values given. Use the  $\pi$  key on your calculator for  $\pi$  when needed.

9.  $A = 4\pi r^2$  when r = 4 (surface area of a sphere)

9.\_\_\_\_\_

10.  $A = \pi r^2$  when r = 4 (area of circle)

10.\_\_\_\_\_

11.  $m = \frac{1}{2}(b_1 + b_2)$  when  $b_1 = 4$ ,  $b_2 = 8$  (length of median of a trapezoid)

11.\_\_\_\_

12.  $C = 2\pi r$  when r = 4

(circumference of a circle)

12.\_\_\_\_

13.  $A = \frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$  when r = 4

13.\_\_\_\_

- (volume of sphere)
- 14.  $A = e^3$  when e = 4 (volume of a cube)

14.\_\_\_\_\_

**15.**  $x = \frac{-b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$  when a = 2, b = 3, and c = 1

15.\_\_\_\_

(from the quadratic formula)

**16.**  $V = \sqrt{\frac{25,000dp}{l}}$  when d = 2, p = 0.02, l = 10

16.\_\_\_\_

(air velocity in a pipe in feet per second)

Solve each equation for *y*.

17. 
$$2x + y = 10$$

18. 
$$x - 3y = 12$$

**19.** 
$$-3x + 2y = 13$$

**20.** 
$$9x = 5y + 23$$

**21.** 
$$\frac{x}{3} - \frac{y}{4} = 5$$

**22.** 
$$3(x-2) = \frac{2}{3}(y+6)$$

Solve each equation for the indicated variable.

23. 
$$d = rt$$
, for  $r$  (distance formula)

24. 
$$i = prt$$
, for  $r$  (simple interest)

25. 
$$S_n = \frac{n}{2}(a_1 + a_n)$$
, for  $n$  (sum of terms of an arithmetic sequence)

26. 
$$L = 2\pi rh$$
, for  $h$  (lateral surface area of cylinder)

27. 
$$L = \pi r l$$
, for  $l$  (lateral surface area of cone)

28. 
$$A = \frac{1}{2} \cdot d_1 \cdot d_2$$
, for  $d_1$  (area of rhombus)

## **Problem Solving**

- **29.** Find the simple interest on \$10,000 invested for 10 years at a 5% annual interest rate.
- 29.\_\_\_\_\_
- **30.** Find the compound interest on \$7000 invested for 5 years at a 3% annual interest rate compounded monthly.
- 30.\_\_\_\_